

N'-(1-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene)-thiophene-2-carbohydrazide

Jin-He Jiang

Microscale Science Institute, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Weifang University, Weifang 261061, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: weifangjhh@126.com

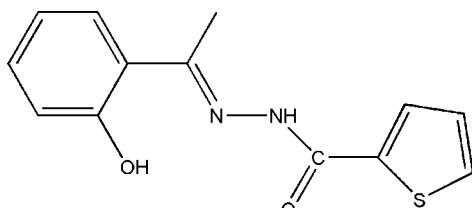
Received 19 November 2010; accepted 30 November 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.126; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.7.

The title compound, $C_{13}H_{12}N_2O_2S$, was prepared by the reaction of 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone and thiophene-2-carbohydrazide. The dihedral angle between the benzene and thiophene rings is $10.07(17)^\circ$. An intramolecular O—H \cdots N hydrogen bond may influence the molecular conformation. In the crystal, molecules are linked by N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds into chains along [010].

Related literature

For applications of Schiff base compounds, see: Casas *et al.* (2000); Habermehl *et al.* (2006). For related structures, see: Li & Jian (2010); Li & Meng (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{13}H_{12}N_2O_2S$ $M_r = 260.31$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 13.454(3)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 7.6303(15)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 24.305(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $V = 2495.1(9)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 8$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 293\text{ K}$
 $0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.19\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD
diffractometer
16044 measured reflections

2189 independent reflections
1047 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.156$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.126$
 $S = 0.89$
2189 reflections
172 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1N \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.94 (4)	2.11 (4)	3.023 (4)	164 (3)
O2—H2O \cdots N2	0.81 (4)	1.80 (4)	2.536 (4)	150 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5171).

References

- Bruker (1997). *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Casas, J. S., Garcia-T, M. S. & Sordo, J. (2000). *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **209**, 197–261.
Habermehl, N. C., Angus, P. M. & Kilah, N. L. (2006). *Inorg. Chem.* **45**, 1445–1462.
Li, Y.-F. & Jian, F.-F. (2010). *Acta Cryst. E* **66**, o1399.
Li, Y.-F. & Meng, F.-Y. (2010). *Acta Cryst. E* **66**, o2685.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o32 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810050002]

N'-[1-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene]thiophene-2-carbohydrazide

J.-H. Jiang

Comment

Schiff-base have received considerable attention as they can be utilized as effective ligands in coordination chemistry. (Casas *et al.*, 2000). They are important intermediates which have been reported to be chiral coordination compounds with many interesting properties (Habermehl *et al.*, 2006). As part of our search for new schiff-base compounds we synthesized the title compound (I), and its crystal structure is determined herein.

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. In the molecule, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the thiophene ring is 10.07 (17) $^{\circ}$. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by the N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds to form one-dimensional chains along [010]. Bond lengths and angles agree with those common to related structures (Li & Jian, 2010*a,b*).

Experimental

A mixture of 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanone (0.01 mol) and thiophene-2-carbohydrazide (0.01 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (20 mL) for 2 h to afford the title compound (0.092 mol, yield 92%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization of the title compound from ethanol at room temperature.

Refinement

H atoms bonded to C atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2\text{--}1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. H atoms bonded to N and O atoms were refined independently with isotropic displacement parameters.

Figures

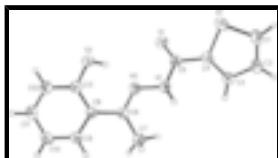


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

N'-(1-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene)thiophene-2-carbohydrazide

Crystal data

C₁₃H₁₂N₂O₂S

$F(000) = 1088$

$M_r = 260.31$

$D_x = 1.386 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

supplementary materials

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 2839 reflections
$a = 13.454 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 3.0\text{--}27.5^\circ$
$b = 7.6303 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 24.305 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 2495.1 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colorless
$Z = 8$	$0.25 \times 0.20 \times 0.19 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1047 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.156$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
φ and ω scans	$h = -16 \rightarrow 14$
16044 measured reflections	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
2189 independent reflections	$l = -28 \rightarrow 28$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.126$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 0.89$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0573P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2189 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
172 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.44225 (8)	0.02138 (15)	0.75337 (5)	0.0783 (4)

O1	0.37088 (16)	0.2689 (3)	0.84114 (10)	0.0546 (7)
O2	0.31584 (19)	0.3541 (4)	0.98652 (13)	0.0591 (8)
N1	0.2282 (2)	0.1203 (4)	0.85835 (12)	0.0498 (8)
N2	0.2212 (2)	0.2088 (4)	0.90867 (12)	0.0491 (8)
C1	0.3999 (3)	-0.1057 (5)	0.70050 (16)	0.0698 (12)
H1	0.4408	-0.1542	0.6737	0.084*
C2	0.3020 (3)	-0.1273 (4)	0.70204 (15)	0.0562 (10)
H2A	0.2668	-0.1921	0.6761	0.067*
C3	0.2570 (3)	-0.0416 (4)	0.74723 (16)	0.0502 (9)
H3A	0.1891	-0.0430	0.7543	0.060*
C4	0.3251 (2)	0.0437 (4)	0.77919 (15)	0.0457 (9)
C5	0.3114 (3)	0.1538 (5)	0.82858 (14)	0.0462 (9)
C6	0.1375 (2)	0.2103 (4)	0.93416 (15)	0.0453 (9)
C7	0.0439 (2)	0.1341 (5)	0.91119 (16)	0.0632 (11)
H7A	0.0469	0.1355	0.8717	0.095*
H7B	-0.0119	0.2024	0.9233	0.095*
H7C	0.0366	0.0156	0.9238	0.095*
C8	0.1386 (2)	0.2934 (4)	0.98860 (14)	0.0421 (9)
C9	0.0523 (3)	0.3054 (4)	1.02020 (16)	0.0541 (10)
H9A	-0.0066	0.2609	1.0059	0.065*
C10	0.0510 (3)	0.3801 (5)	1.07136 (16)	0.0626 (11)
H10A	-0.0080	0.3859	1.0912	0.075*
C11	0.1374 (3)	0.4465 (5)	1.09333 (16)	0.0603 (11)
H11A	0.1368	0.4981	1.1280	0.072*
C12	0.2244 (3)	0.4366 (5)	1.06408 (16)	0.0571 (10)
H12A	0.2827	0.4812	1.0791	0.069*
C13	0.2261 (3)	0.3603 (4)	1.01196 (15)	0.0456 (9)
H1N	0.186 (3)	0.023 (5)	0.8545 (16)	0.082 (13)*
H2O	0.305 (3)	0.315 (6)	0.9561 (19)	0.094 (19)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0552 (6)	0.0905 (8)	0.0893 (9)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0197 (6)	-0.0246 (7)
O1	0.0464 (15)	0.0593 (15)	0.0581 (17)	-0.0070 (12)	-0.0021 (12)	-0.0067 (13)
O2	0.0448 (16)	0.0713 (19)	0.061 (2)	-0.0090 (13)	0.0029 (15)	-0.0080 (16)
N1	0.0521 (19)	0.0515 (19)	0.046 (2)	-0.0051 (16)	0.0061 (15)	-0.0075 (17)
N2	0.0530 (19)	0.0485 (18)	0.046 (2)	-0.0035 (14)	0.0054 (15)	-0.0057 (16)
C1	0.085 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.019 (2)	-0.013 (2)
C2	0.074 (3)	0.044 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.0002 (19)
C3	0.053 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0025 (17)	0.008 (2)	0.004 (2)
C4	0.045 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0064 (16)	0.0065 (17)	0.0029 (18)
C5	0.044 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0054 (18)	-0.0015 (18)	0.0014 (19)
C6	0.042 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.050 (2)	-0.0035 (16)	-0.0012 (18)	0.0007 (18)
C7	0.054 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.068 (3)	-0.001 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.019 (2)
C8	0.043 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.038 (2)	-0.0019 (15)	0.0009 (17)	0.0021 (17)
C9	0.048 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.055 (3)	-0.0081 (18)	0.007 (2)	0.000 (2)
C10	0.062 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.005 (2)

supplementary materials

C11	0.076 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.000 (2)
C12	0.062 (3)	0.056 (2)	0.053 (3)	-0.0039 (19)	-0.004 (2)	0.000 (2)
C13	0.047 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.0011 (17)	0.0033 (18)	0.0015 (19)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

S1—C4	1.705 (3)	C6—C8	1.467 (5)
S1—C1	1.708 (4)	C6—C7	1.495 (4)
O1—C5	1.227 (4)	C7—H7A	0.9600
O2—C13	1.357 (4)	C7—H7B	0.9600
O2—H2O	0.81 (4)	C7—H7C	0.9600
N1—C5	1.356 (4)	C8—C9	1.395 (4)
N1—N2	1.400 (4)	C8—C13	1.402 (4)
N1—H1N	0.94 (4)	C9—C10	1.368 (5)
N2—C6	1.285 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.327 (5)	C10—C11	1.377 (5)
C1—H1	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.415 (5)	C11—C12	1.371 (5)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.366 (5)	C12—C13	1.395 (5)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.477 (5)		
C4—S1—C1	91.4 (2)	C6—C7—H7A	109.5
C13—O2—H2O	105 (3)	C6—C7—H7B	109.5
C5—N1—N2	115.5 (3)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C5—N1—H1N	126 (2)	C6—C7—H7C	109.5
N2—N1—H1N	115 (2)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C6—N2—N1	119.0 (3)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C2—C1—S1	112.4 (3)	C9—C8—C13	116.8 (3)
C2—C1—H1	123.8	C9—C8—C6	121.1 (3)
S1—C1—H1	123.8	C13—C8—C6	122.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3	112.9 (4)	C10—C9—C8	122.6 (4)
C1—C2—H2A	123.6	C10—C9—H9A	118.7
C3—C2—H2A	123.6	C8—C9—H9A	118.7
C4—C3—C2	112.0 (3)	C9—C10—C11	119.7 (4)
C4—C3—H3A	124.0	C9—C10—H10A	120.2
C2—C3—H3A	124.0	C11—C10—H10A	120.2
C3—C4—C5	130.5 (3)	C12—C11—C10	120.0 (4)
C3—C4—S1	111.3 (3)	C12—C11—H11A	120.0
C5—C4—S1	118.1 (3)	C10—C11—H11A	120.0
O1—C5—N1	122.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13	120.5 (4)
O1—C5—C4	121.9 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	119.8
N1—C5—C4	115.4 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	119.8
N2—C6—C8	115.4 (3)	O2—C13—C12	116.3 (3)
N2—C6—C7	123.7 (3)	O2—C13—C8	123.3 (3)
C8—C6—C7	120.9 (3)	C12—C13—C8	120.4 (3)
C5—N1—N2—C6	167.0 (3)	N2—C6—C8—C9	179.2 (3)
C4—S1—C1—C2	0.9 (3)	C7—C6—C8—C9	-0.7 (5)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (4)	N2—C6—C8—C13	-2.3 (5)

C1—C2—C3—C4	−0.3 (5)	C7—C6—C8—C13	177.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	177.6 (3)	C13—C8—C9—C10	0.7 (5)
C2—C3—C4—S1	1.0 (4)	C6—C8—C9—C10	179.2 (3)
C1—S1—C4—C3	−1.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−0.1 (6)
C1—S1—C4—C5	−178.1 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	−0.4 (6)
N2—N1—C5—O1	−8.5 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.3 (6)
N2—N1—C5—C4	172.4 (3)	C11—C12—C13—O2	−179.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5—O1	−153.3 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.4 (5)
S1—C4—C5—O1	23.1 (4)	C9—C8—C13—O2	178.5 (3)
C3—C4—C5—N1	25.8 (5)	C6—C8—C13—O2	0.1 (5)
S1—C4—C5—N1	−157.8 (3)	C9—C8—C13—C12	−0.8 (5)
N1—N2—C6—C8	175.2 (3)	C6—C8—C13—C12	−179.3 (3)
N1—N2—C6—C7	−4.8 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1N···O1 ⁱ	0.94 (4)	2.11 (4)	3.023 (4)	164 (3)
O2—H2O···N2	0.81 (4)	1.80 (4)	2.536 (4)	150 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, z$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

